



NEARC

Simulating Pedestrian Traffic

**A Lot of Assumptions
and a Little Python**

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Common Space Project Goals

- Program space to build community and increase opportunity for interaction for all affiliates
- Integrate common social spaces into daily campus life.
- Develop major campus focal points by strategically enhancing and repurposing underutilized spaces.

49% of surveyed students identify pathways and associated spaces as a place that facilitates interaction with others



Areas of inquiry

- How is space used?
- What are the connections?
- What areas need improvement?
- What are strategic locations for facilities?

Where do people go?

Measuring & Analyzing Pedestrian Traffic

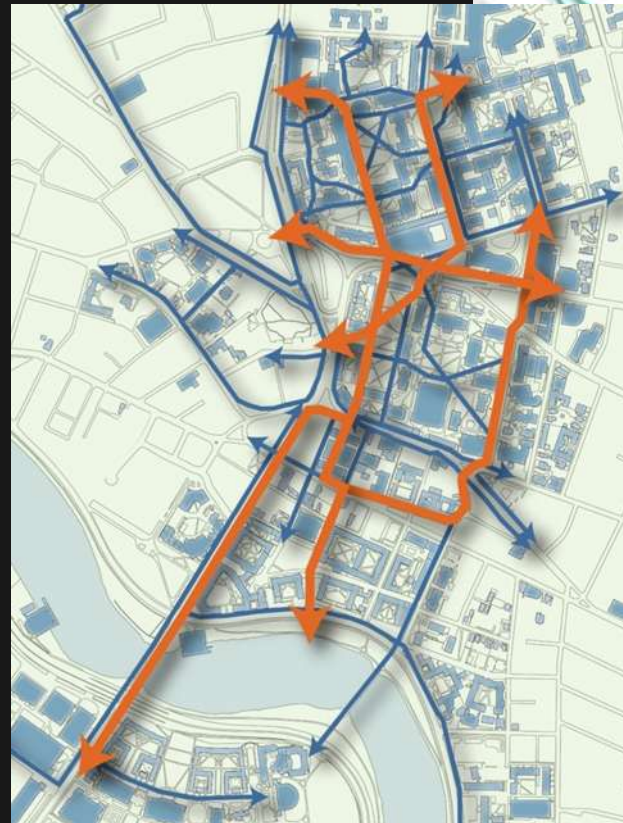
- Tools similar to vehicular traffic analysis

Traffic counts

Surveys

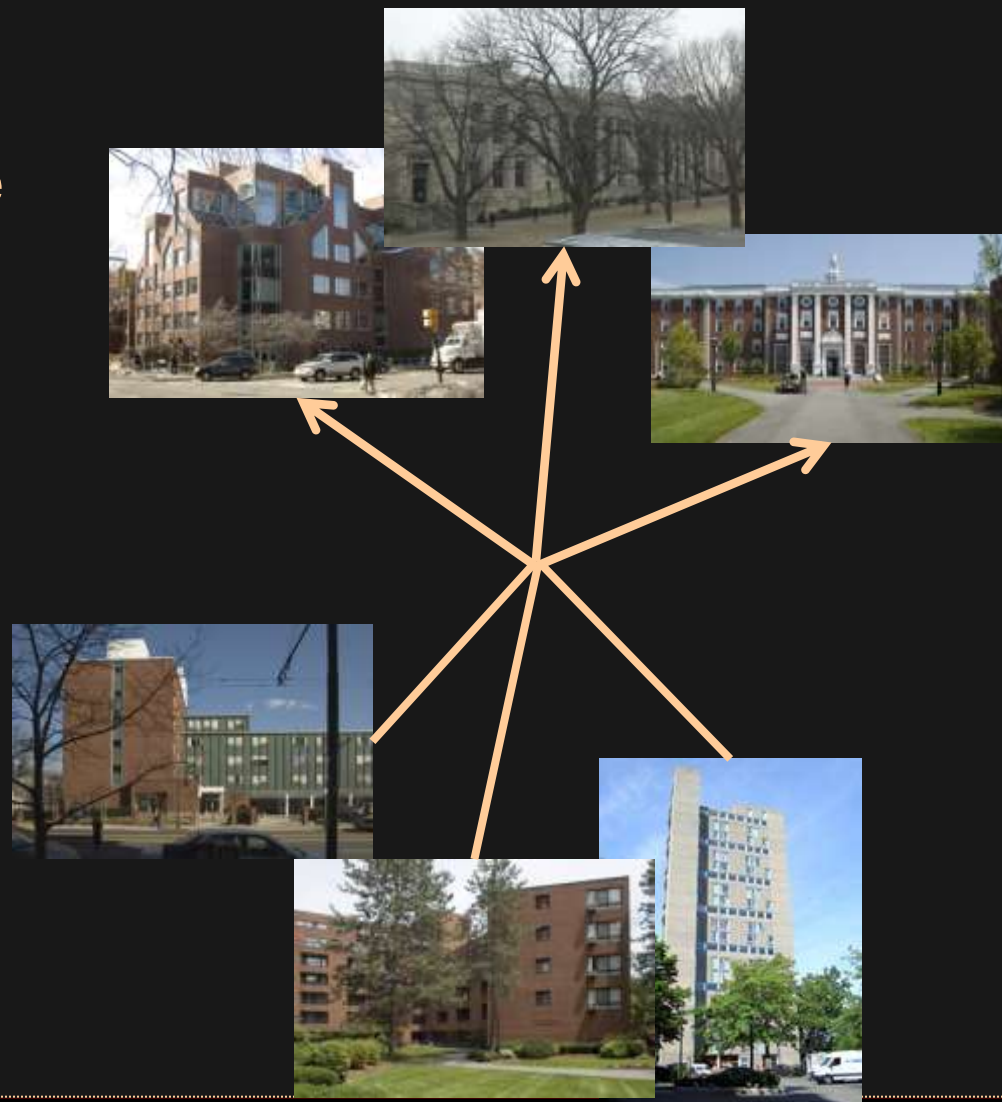
Proximity and walk-time

- Analysis can sometimes be subjective



The simulation

- Examine the routes traveled by graduate students from their place of residence to their academic departments



Data prep

- Pedestrian network

Sidewalks, crosswalks, pathways



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- Origin/Destination points (106)
 - w/ student or “trip” counts



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- Pedestrian network
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- List of Buildings
 - Residential (origin)
 - Academic (destination)
- Origin/Destination pairs (106)
 - w/ student or “trip” counts
- Find the route for 1 pair



Model Development

- Pedestrian network
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- Find the route for 1 pair
- Repeat 106 times



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 - w/ student counts
- Find the route for 1 pair
- Repeat 106 times
- Assign “traffic” count for each segment



A little Python



A little Python

```
# -----  
# CountTrips.py  
# Created on: Thu Dec 11 2010 10:17:47 AM  
#   (generated by ArcGIS/ModelBuilder)  
# Usage: CountTrips  
# -----  
  
# Import system modules  
import sys, string, os, arcgisscripting  
  
# Create the Geoprocessor object  
gp = arcgisscripting.create(9.3)  
gp.overwriteoutput = 1  
  
# Check out any necessary licenses  
gp.CheckOutExtension("Network")  
  
# Load required toolboxes...  
gp.AddToolbox("C:/Program  
Files/ArcGIS/ArcToolbox/Toolboxes/Network Analyst Tools.tbx")
```

A little Python

```
# LOOP
rows = gp.SearchCursor(ODList)

row = rows.next()while row:
# get field values for origin, destination, and # of trips
origin = row.ROOT
destination = row.ROOT_Dest
num_trips = row.CountOfHUI

qry = "[Root] = '" + origin + "' or [Root] = '" +
destination + "'"
```


A little Python

```
# Process: Make Route Layer...
gp.MakeRouteLayer_na(Ped_network_ND_nd, "Route", ...)

# Process: Select...
gp.Select_analysis(Hu_bldgs_Root, Stops_shp, qry)

# Process: Add Locations...
result = gp.AddLocations_na(Route, "Stops", Stops_shp, ...)

try:
    # Process: Solve...
    result = gp.Solve_na(Route__2_, "SKIP")
except:
    gp.addmessage("Route solution failure")
    error_count = error_count + 1
```

A little Python

```
else:
```

```
# Process: Select Data...
```

```
gp.SelectData_management(Route__3_, "Routes")
```

```
gp.SelectLayerByLocation_management(Ped_only_network,  
"CONTAINED_BY", Routes, "", "NEW_SELECTION")
```

```
# Process: Calculate Field...
```

```
gp.CalculateField_management(Ped_only_network, "Num_trips",  
"[Num_trips] + " + str(num_trips)", "VB", "")
```

```
#end except
```

```
count = count + 1
```

```
row = rows.next()
```

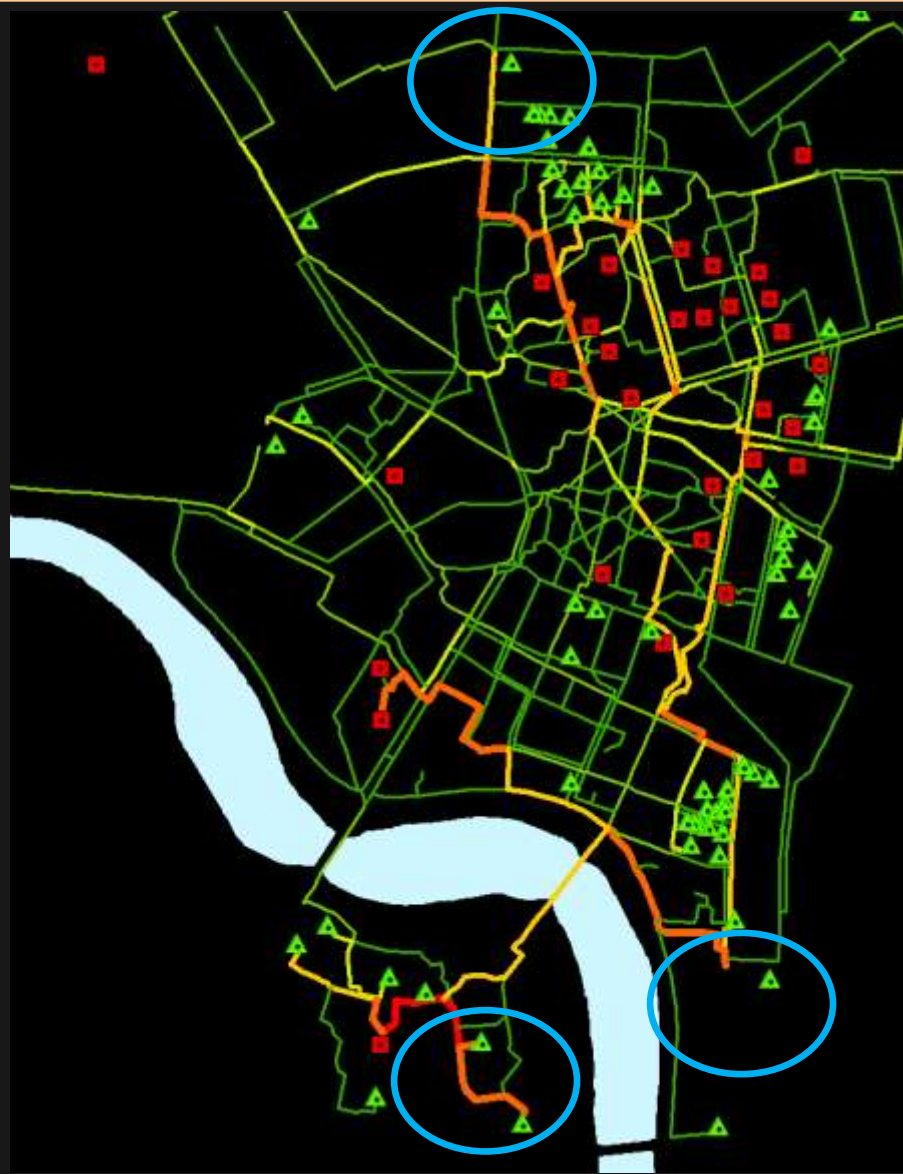
Results

- Eastern bias to N-S axis



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- Influence of large complexes



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- Eastern bias to N-S axis
- Influence of large complexes
- Harvard Yard is peripheral



The Fine Print

- Travel data available for narrow slice of campus population



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- Many simplifications and assumptions:
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 - Do people really follow shortest route?
 - Do people really follow same route?
 - What about temporal factors?



Postscript

- Spatially enabled phones may prove the ultimate data collector for this type of inquiry

